



# BTeV Muon (WBS 1.5)

Paul Sheldon ~ Vanderbilt University



- Institutions
- Requirements
- Design
- Project Management
- Costs and Labor
- Schedule and Major Milestones
- FY05 Activities
- Concluding Remarks



#### Institutions & People



#### Illinois

- ➤ Mike Haney
- Vaidas Simaitas
- Mats Selen
- > Jim Wiss
- Doris Kim

#### **Puerto Rico**

- ➤ Angel Lopez
- > Hector Mendez
- **Eduardo** Ramirez
- > Zhong Chao Li
- > Aldo Acosta

#### Vanderbilt

- > Will Johns
- > Paul Sheldon
- ➤ Med Webster
- > Eric Vaandering
- > John Fellenstein

# Legend:

Engineer



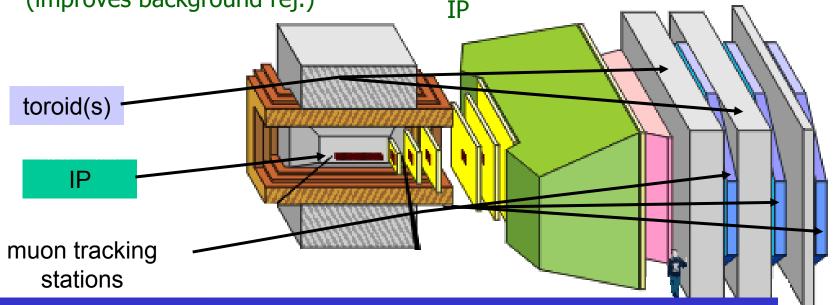


#### Goals & Constraints



- Provides Muon ID and Trigger
  - Trigger & ID for interesting physics states
  - Check/debug pixel trigger
- Fine-Grained tracking + toroids
  - Stand-alone mom./mass trig.
  - Momentum "confirmation" (improves background rej.)

- Requirements & Characteristics
  - > 2 mm position resolution
  - Trigger: 500:1 min bias rejection, 80% efficiency for di-muon events
  - ➤ 200 mrad maximum acceptance (set by size of hall), 40 mrad minimum (set by beam components)
  - > Stations at 9.4, 10.8, & 12 m from





# **Basic Building Block**



- Basic Building Block: Proportional Tube "Planks"
  - > 3/8" diameter Stainless steel tubes (0.01" walls)
  - "picket fence" design
    "picket fence" design
  - > 30μ (diameter) gold-plated tungsten wire
  - Brass gas manifolds at each end (RF shielding important!)
  - > Front-end electronics: use Penn ASDQ chips, modified CDF COT card
  - ➤ Likely to use 85% Ar 15% CO<sub>2</sub> (no CF<sub>4</sub>)
  - > Robust, high-rate detector element





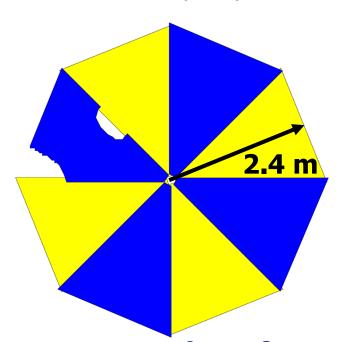
# Geometry



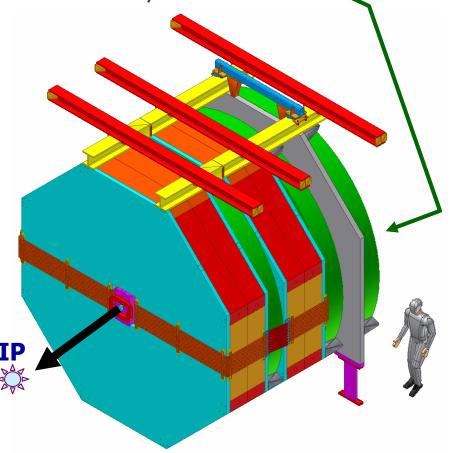
We want to observe tracks in 3 disk shaped stations 2.4 m in radius:

Minimum pattern recognition confusion

Minimize occupancy and distribute it uniformly



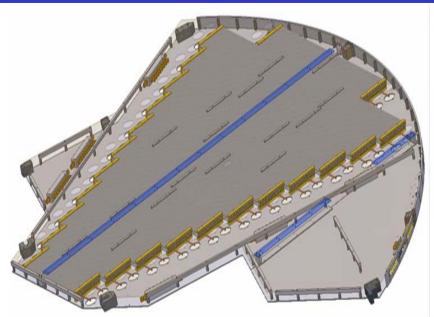
Beams Eye View of each station: divided into overlapping octants



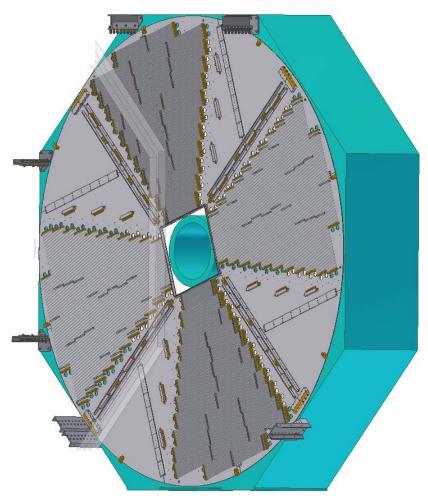


#### Cover Each Octant Shaped Region with Planks





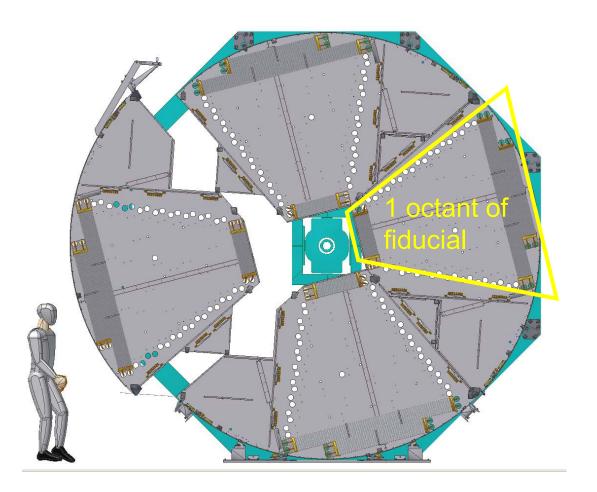
- 4 octants or quads make a wheel
- two wheels are required for full azimuthal coverage.
- Short planks at small radius minimize occupancy there.
- Octant geometry minimizes pattern recognition confusion











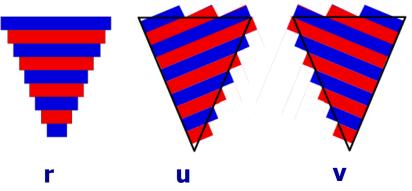




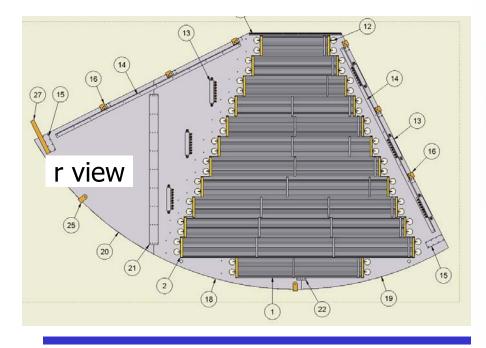
#### Stereo and Radial Views

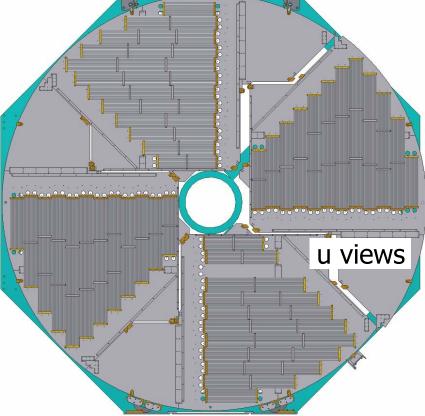


#### 12 planks "cover" each octant



2 stereo views provide *φ* info.4 views per station (r, u, v, r)8 wheels per station



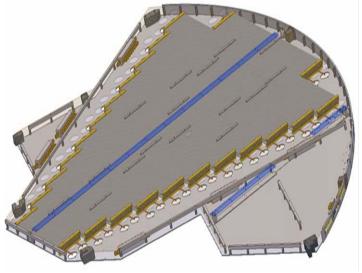




#### Installation Unit: the Octant (or Quad)



- Planks are mounted on an "exoskeleton" made of
   100 mil thick aluminum plates and stiffener bars
- Octants built at UI and VU and sent to FNAL.
- Top cover plate not shown!





 At 300 lbs., octants are light and small enough that handling them is relatively easy.



# Prototype Wheel at UI



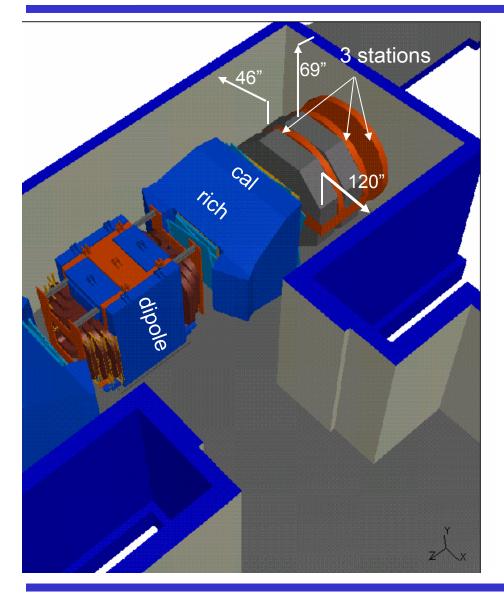


DOE CD-2/3a Review of the BTeV Project – Dec. 14-16, 2004 BTeV Muon System (WBS 1.5) – Paul Sheldon









- The small size of the hall gives us little room above or on one side of the detector.
- There is no overhead crane in the hall.
- This has forced us to be creative in designing our installation scheme!





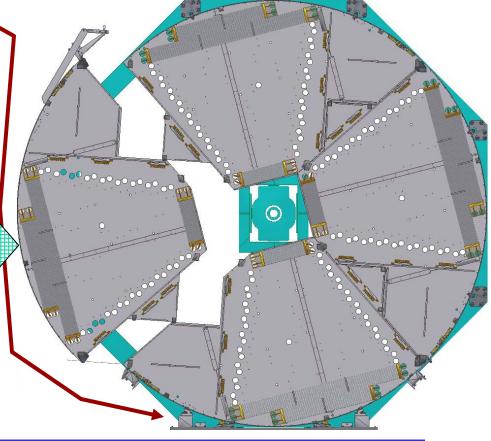


"Vertical Lazy Susan" See movie!
 installation - rotate during
 installation on floor rollers

 This allows each view to be individually serviced: it will be possible to install and/or remove an octant during run.

 Each octant is installed in wide aisle horizontally.

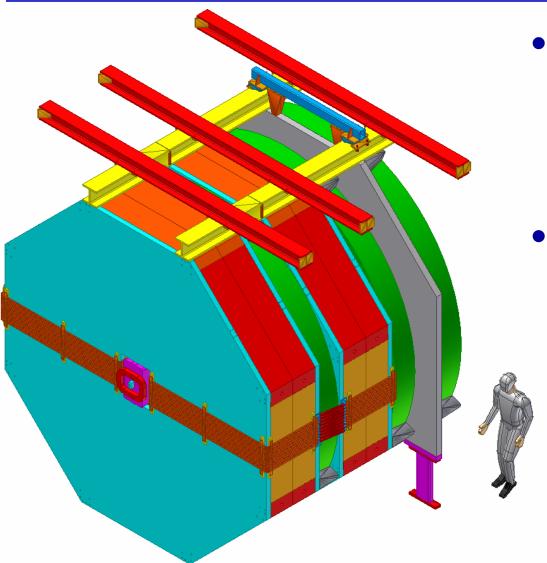
 Each wheel will then be hung vertically from overhead beams. (next slide...)





#### Overhead Support





- The entire muon system can move with the toroid package since there are no floor connections.
- The toroid assembly is a separate subproject (WBS 1.1).
   We have excellent communication with that project regarding space constraints, installation and integration.



# Numerology



#### Base Numerology

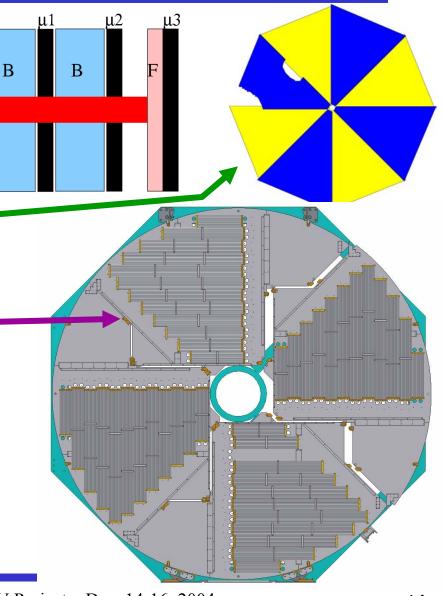
- > 3 stations
- ➤ 4 views per station
- > 8 octants per view
- ➤ 12 planks per octant
- ➤ 32 tubes per plank
- $\triangleright$  Wheel = 4 octants
- ➤ 2 pre-production wheels
- ➤ 16 spare octants

#### For Full Detector:

- > 36864 channels of tubes
- **▶** 1152 planks
- **> 96** quads

#### Including pre-prod & spares

- ➤ 46080 channels of tubes
- **▶ 1440** planks
- **▶ 120** quads





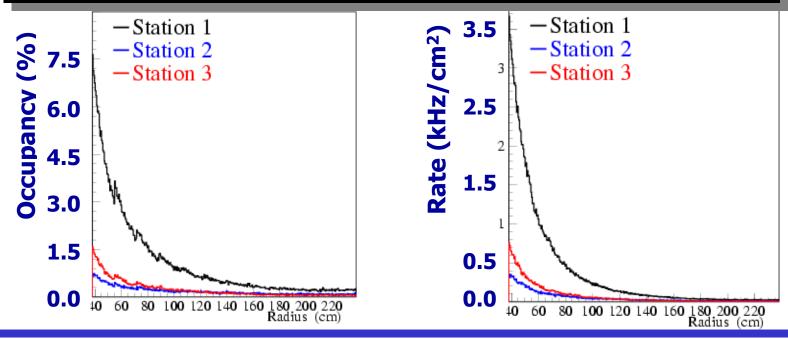
# **Expected Occupancies**



Minimum bias events will be largest source of hits in detector

Assuming an average of 6 interactions/crossing

What	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Total
avg. # of hits per crossing	126	24	27	162
avg. occupancy	1.01%	0.18%	0.21%	0.45%
max. channel occupancy	7.50%	0.72%	1.56%	
max. channel rate (kHz/cm^2)	3.7	0.4	0.8	

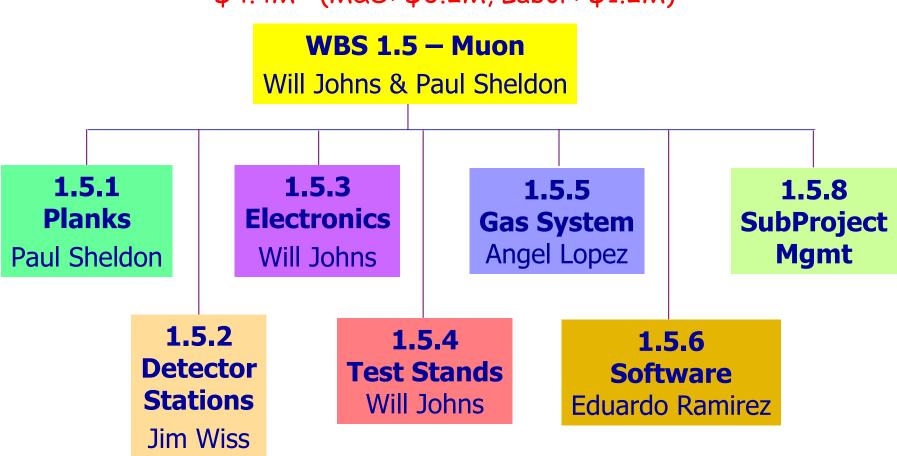




# Organization



Base cost, fully burdened, in FY05 dollars: \$4.4M (M&S: \$3.2M, Labor: \$1.2M)





#### **Construction Cost**



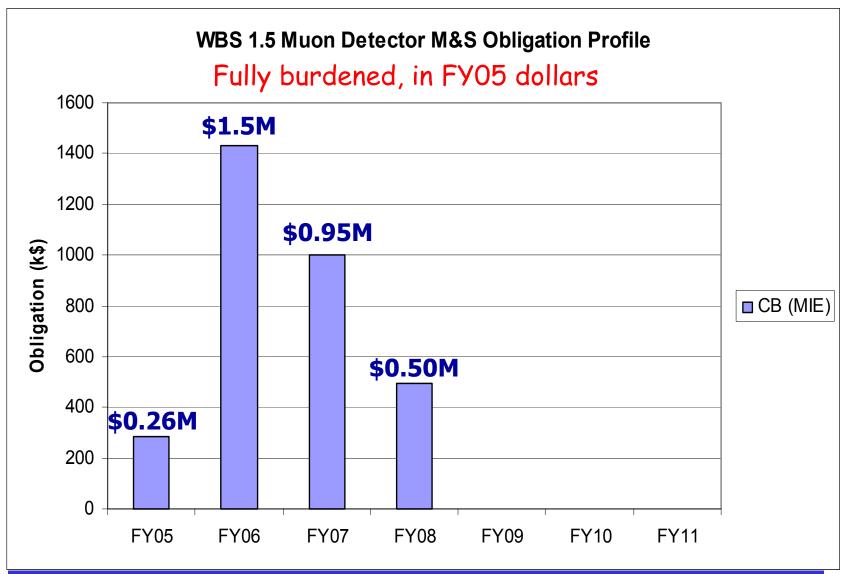
# Fully burdened, in FY05 dollars

Activity ID	Activity Name	Base Cost (\$)	SOUTH CONTRACT NO SERVICE	Labor Contingency(%)	Total FY05	Total FY06	Participation of the Control of the	Total FY08	7241200	1 - 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total FY05-10
1.5.1	Muon Detector Planks	1,788,686	43	35	224,448	1,038,534	947,131	309,512	0	0	2,519,625
1.5.2	Muon Detector Stations	350,771	40	35	63,436	330,190	52,498	41,013	0	0	487,136
1.5.3	Muon Detector Electronics	1,342,152	41	17	40,118	885,865	415,790	510,614	0	0	1,852,387
1.5.4	Muon Detector Test Stands	156,726	45	50	65,448	42,949	119,421	0	0	0	227,818
1.5.5	Muon Detector Gas System	121,319	50	0	0	106,050	66,903	0	0	0	172,953
1.5.6	Muon Detector Software	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1.5.8	Muon Detector Subproj Mgmt	600,916	24	24	30,262	238,882	238,882	238,882	0	0	746,907
1.5	file_15_07Dec04	4,360,570	41	28	423,711	2,642,470	1,840,623	1,100,021	0	0	6,006,826



# M&S Cost Profile by Fiscal Year

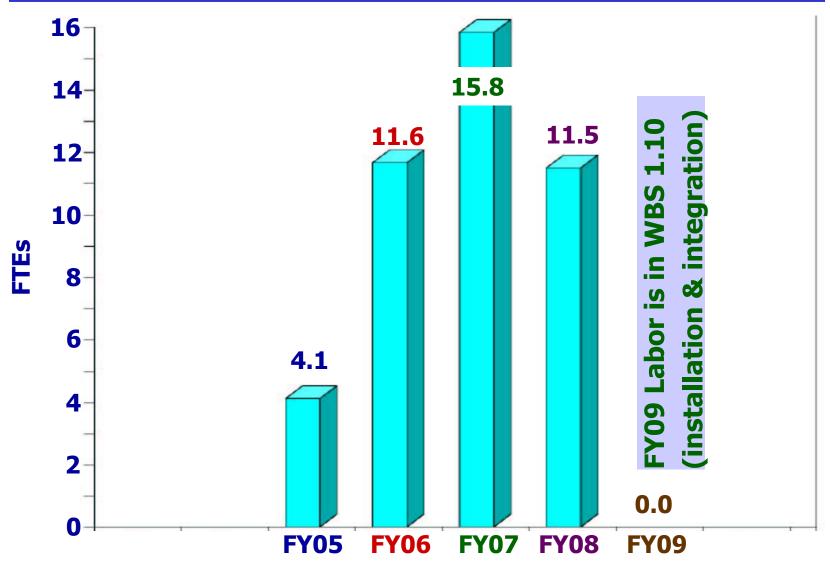






# Labor Profile by Fiscal Year

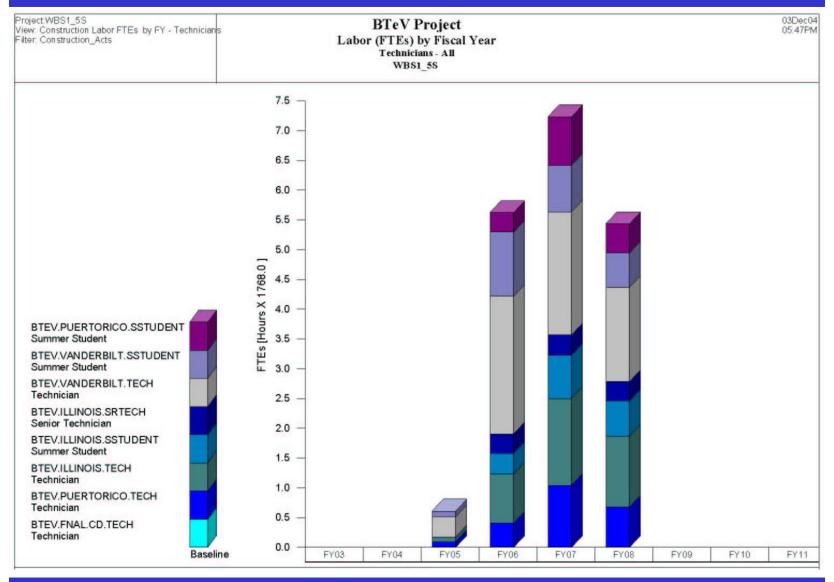






#### Technical Labor Profile by Fiscal Year

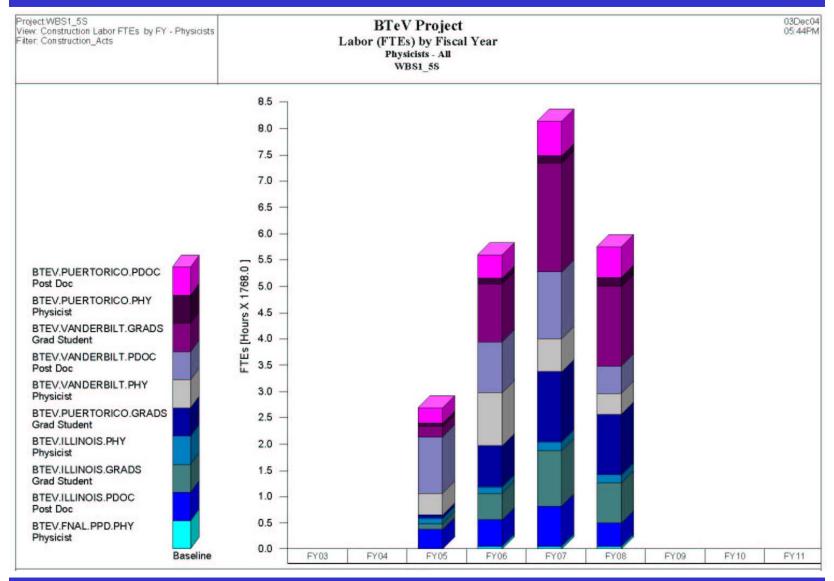






# Physicist Labor Profile by Fiscal Year

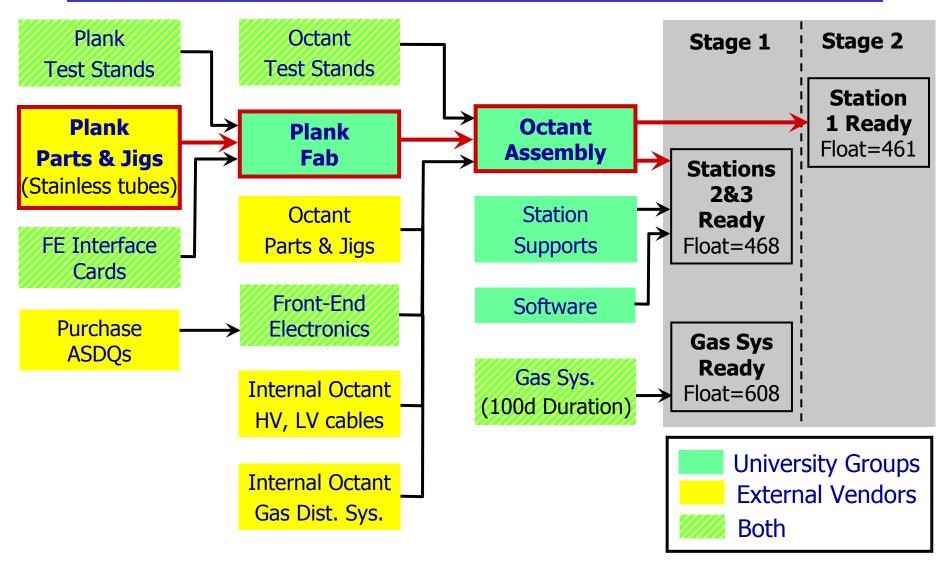






# Description of Project Flow

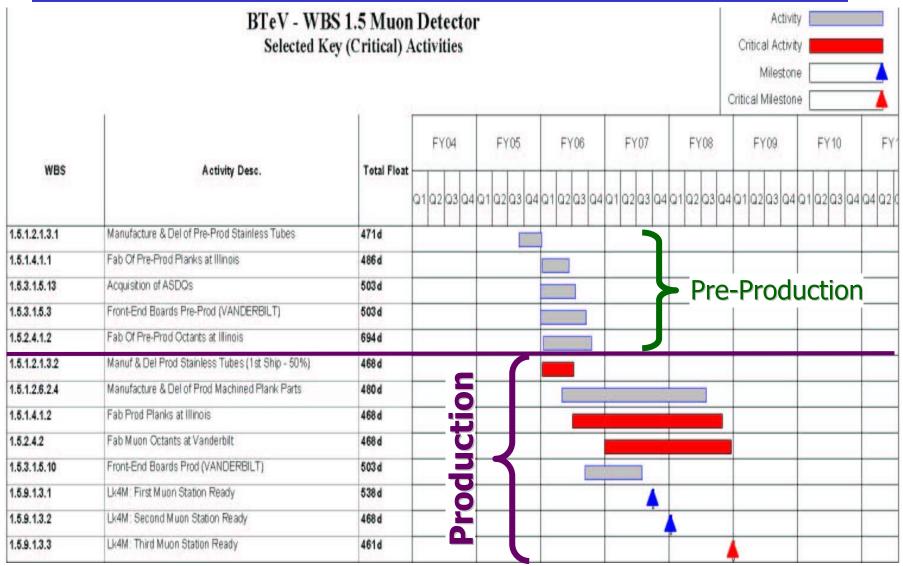






# **Key Milestones**







#### CD-1 Recommendations



- The primary recommendation was that we hire a full-time quality assurance engineer for the duration of the project.
  - After discussing this with project management, it was decided that additional effort will be added to the project office to handle QA issues for BTeV. The muon project will hire a full-time technician to handle QA and project oversight.
  - ➤ We have added this technician to our WBS
- Actively pursue forward funding.
  - ➤ Vanderbilt has agreed to provide \$1M in forward funding. Paperwork is in preparation.

#### FY05 Activities





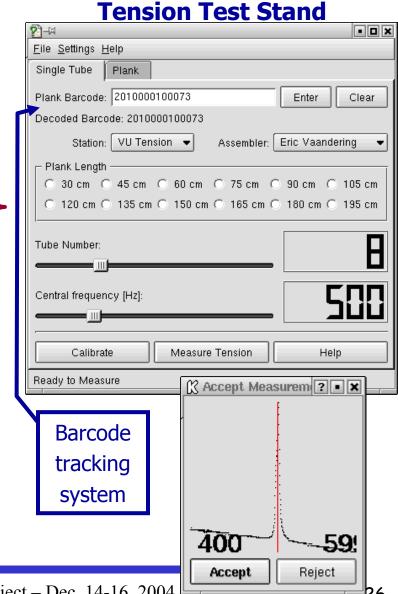
- For FY05, we have scheduled only those Project Engineering and Final Design Activities necessary to keep the project on cost and schedule
- Begin our planned "pre-production" of ~100 planks and 8 octants.
  - ➤ Use to shake down our assembly lines and quality assurance programs at each institution
  - > Train our QAP technician and assembly personnel
  - ➤ Make final design tweaks before production
  - ➤ This activity will begin in FY05 but not be complete until 3<sup>rd</sup> Qtr of FY06
- Costs are for parts needed, assembly jigs and hardware, test stands
  - ➤ Only those parts, test stands, etc., that are needed in FY05.
  - ➤ Quad test stand not purchased until FY06
- Have \$90K in R&D funds from NSF as well.



# Significant Experience



- We have significant experience w/ many of the steps necessary to build and install the muon system
  - Built roughly 2 dozen planks, with student labor
  - Designed, built and used many of the test stands that we will use in our quality assurance program (tension measurement, etc.)
  - Built a full scale model of one wheel, using it to investigate support and installation issues
  - During the past year, significant engineering on mechanical support structure, now have a well-developed design
  - We have a well-developed design for the Front-End electronics and we have verified its properties with prototypes





#### **Concluding Remarks**



- We have dealt with many of the vendors we will use
  - Vanderbilt shop has fabricated the parts it has to make
  - Stainless tube vendors, ...
  - Penn ASDQ's
- The labor required is modest (43 FTE years) and wellmatched to the size of the research groups already onboard.
  - Physicist ("off-project") labor reqd is already present in our groups
  - student labor required is not larger than is typically present in each of our groups
- We have chosen a robust, easy to build, well understood detector technology and our studies indicate that it is well matched to our problem.
  - This includes a well-developed and engineered design for the mechanical structure and support
- Technical Design is complete, although we anticipate a few tweaks.



# ...Concluding Remarks



- We have a well defined and complete Project Cost and Schedule
  - Significant float of over 460 days
- Sub-project management is in place and capable of performing the project
- MOU between Fermilab and Vanderbilt is complete and has been signed by all parties
  - Illinois and Puerto Rico MOUs in progress
- FY05 Project Engineering and Design work is essential to keeping the project on cost and schedule.



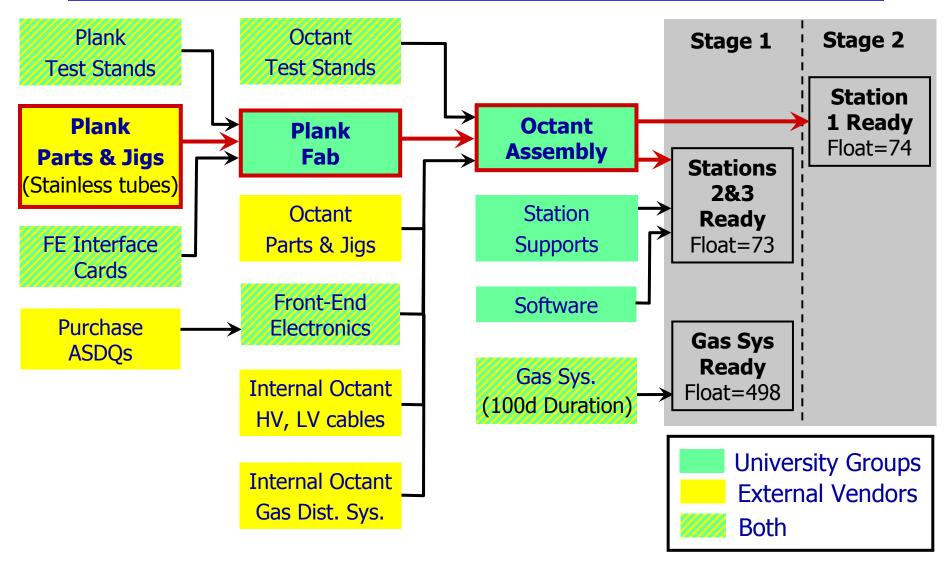


# The End



# Description of Project Flow With Distributed Float







#### Key Milestones With Distributed Float



